

CUET UG - 2022
(CANDIDATE RESPONSE SHEET)

Paper/Subject LEGAL STUDIES
Exam Date 25 Aug 2022
Exam Slot 2

Question ID:1185351
Section Name:LEGAL STUDIES
Question:

The Supreme Court through its judicial activism has released its locus standi for better administration of justice. What does the term locus standi imply ?

- (1) The parties must be given a fair hearing
- (2) The right of a party to appear and be heard by a court
- (3) The duty of members or execution to disclose their assets
- (4) The duty of the parties to stand by the decision of the court

- A 1
B 2
C 3
D 4

Answer Given By Candidate:D

Question ID:1185352
Section Name:LEGAL STUDIES
Question:

Match the given International Organisations with their roles :

International Organisations	Role
(A) ILO (International Labour Organisation)	(I) Promoting Culture and preserving heritage
(B) IMF + IMBRD (the World Bank)	(II) Aiding member state with regards to health concern
(C) UNESCO (United Nations Education Scientific and culture organization)	(III) Bretton Woods Twins
(D) WHO World Health Organisation	(IV) For improving the Condition of Labour in various countries of the world

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below :

- (1) (A) - (III), (B) - (IV), (C) - (I), (D) - (II)
- (2) (A) - (IV), (B) - (III), (C) - (I), (D) - (II)
- (3) (A) - (I), (B) - (IV), (C) - (III), (D) - (II)
- (4) (A) - (II), (B) - (IV), (C) - (III), (D) - (I)

- A 1
B 2
C 3

D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: **B**

Question ID: **1185353**

Section Name: LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

Who among the following is allowed to file a vakalathama in the Supreme Court of India ?

- (1) Advocate General
- (2) Attorney
- (3) Advocate on record
- (4) Senior Advocate

A 1

B 2

C 3

D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: **C**

Question ID: **1185354**

Section Name: LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

In Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, mediation and conciliation is governed under which section ?

- (1) Section 87
- (2) Section 88
- (3) Section 89
- (4) Section 90

A 1

B 2

C 3

D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: **Not Attempted**

Question ID: **1185355**

Section Name: LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

Under which Act Bar Council of India was established ?

- (1) Indian Bar Councils Act, 1926
- (2) The Legal Practitioners Act of 1879
- (3) Pleaders, Mukhtars and Revenue Agents Act, 1865
- (4) Advocate Act, 1961

A 1

B 2

C 3

D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: **D**

Question ID:1185356

Section Name:LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

Match **List - I** with **List - II**.

List - I	List - II
Case name	Decision
(A) Keshavananda Bharti V. State of Kerala	(I) Emphasised the role of consultation and held that appointment of judges is an integrated participatory consultative process
(B) Mancka Gandhi V. Union of India	(II) Established the doctrine of basic structure
(C) 1998 Presidential Reference	(III) Declared the right of for free legal aid and expeditious trial of prisoners
(D) Hussainara Khatoon V. State of Bihar	(IV) Established principle of audi altern partem

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below :

- (1) (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (III), (D) - (IV)
- (2) (A) - (IV), (B) - (III), (C) - (II), (D) - (I)
- (3) (A) - (II), (B) - (IV), (C) - (I), (D) - (III)
- (4) (A) - (II), (B) - (I), (C) - (IV), (D) - (III)

A 1

B 2

C 3

D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: **Not Attempted**

Question ID:1185357

Section Name:LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

The 14th Report of the Law Commission of India mooted the idea of providing free legal aid to the poor by the state. Arrange the development in providing free legal aid in order.

- (A) A committee under the chairman ship of Justice Krishna Iyer to develop a legal aid scheme for states.
- (B) The parliament enacted the Legal Services Authorities Act.
- (C) The Union Government initiated the national legal aid scheme which faced financial shortages and died a natural death.
- (D) A committee was set up under the chairmanship of Justice P.N. Bhagwati

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below :

- (1) (D), (B), (C), (A)
- (2) (C), (A), (D), (B)
- (3) (A), (C), (D), (B)
- (4) (A), (B), (C), (D)

A 1

B 2

C 3

D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: **B**

Question ID:1185358

Section Name:LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

This Article of the Indian Constitution contains provision for providing free legal aid :

- (1) Art. 21 A
- (2) Art. 39 A
- (3) Art. 51 A
- (4) Art. 76 A

A 1

B 2

C 3

D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: **B**

Question ID:1185359

Section Name:LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

The concept of 'Basic Structure' is very important to understand the Constitution because :

- (1) The concept is important to interpret the constitution.
- (2) The concept takes away the amendment power of the parliament with regards to certain features of the constitution
- (3) The concept gives protection to the Human rights of Indian citizens
- (4) The concept defines the legislative powers of the Indian Parliament

- A 1
- B 2
- C 3
- D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: C

Question ID: 1185360

Section Name: LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

X was arrested for commission of a cognizable offence (U/IPC) from a village in Central India. He is a citizen of country Y that is at war with India. On his arrest he was not allowed to consult a lawyer and was not produced before the nearest magistrate within twenty-four hours of his arrest. Decide if he is entitled to the protection U/Art 22 of Indian Constitution.

- (1) No, because the charge sheet has not been submitted in the court.
- (2) Yes, as he has been arrested from a village in India thus provisions of Indian constitution will protect him.
- (3) No, as he is a person from an enemy country
- (4) Yes as provisions of Universal Declaration of Human Rights will apply

- A 1
- B 2
- C 3
- D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: Not Attempted

Question ID: 1185361

Section Name: LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

Judges of the Supreme Court and High Courts can be removed through a process called as impeachment. Identify the correct sequences in the process for removal of the judge of Supreme Court and High Courts.

- (A) If the recommendation is accepted, the proposal of impeachment must be introduced in the parliament for discussion
- (B) An inquiry is made into the grounds of removal of the judges
- (C) The copy of the proposal is given to the concerned judge before the procedure starts in parliament
- (D) Based on the findings, the recommendation to impeach the judge has to be made by the chief justice of India to the President of India.
- (E) The motion of impeachment has to be passed by two-third majority members present and voting must be done separately in each house of parliament.

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below :

- (1) (A), (C), (E), (B), (D)
- (2) (D), (E), (A), (B), (C)
- (3) (C), (A), (B), (D), (E)
- (4) (B), (D), (A), (C), (E)

- A 1
- B 2
- C 3
- D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: **D**

Question ID: **1185362**

Section Name: LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

Which Article in Part III of the Indian Constitution provides the human rights framework to criminal justice system ?

- (1) Article 24
- (2) Article 22
- (3) Article 20
- (4) Article 16

- A 1
- B 2
- C 3
- D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: **D**

Question ID: **1185363**

Section Name: LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

Choose the option that correctly identifies the essentials for a valid sale :

- (A) There should be the different parties the seller and the buyer
- (B) The lessor should give the lessee complete possess on of the property
- (C) Consideration in case of a sale is always money
- (D) The property should be in existence at the time of a sale
- (E) In case of a sale agreement, buyer can accept one property while rejecting the other property

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below :

- (1) (A), (B), (C) only
- (2) (A), (C), (D) only
- (3) (A), (D), (E) only
- (4) (A), (B), (C), (D) only

- A 1
- B 2
- C 3
- D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: **C**

Question ID: **1185364**

Section Name: LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

Fundamental Rights are mostly enforceable against the state. The state includes :

- (A) Panchayats
- (B) A Private Bank
- (C) Indian Oil Limited
- (D) Business owned by an individual
- (E) Delhi Jal Board

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below :

- (1) (A), (B) and (C) only
- (2) (B), (C) and (D) only
- (3) (C), (D) and (E) only
- (4) (A), (C) and (E) only

A 1

B 2

C 3

D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: **B**

Question ID: **1185365**

Section Name: LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

Match **List - I** with **List - II**.

List - I	List - II
Intellectual Property	Example
(A) Design	(I) Right granted over invention of a new Covid drug
(B) Trademark	(II) Colour, shape and pattern of a chocolate wrapper
(C) Patent	(III) A mark used by a Shoe Brand that helps people to distinguish it from other brands of products
(D) Copyright	(IV) Right granted over the creation of a new painting to a renowned artist

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below :

- (1) (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (III), (D) - (IV)
- (2) (A) - (IV), (B) - (I), (C) - (III), (D) - (II)
- (3) (A) - (II), (B) - (III), (C) - (I), (D) - (IV)
- (4) (A) - (III), (B) - (II), (C) - (IV), (D) - (I)

A 1

B 2

C 3

D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: **C**

Question ID: **1185366**

Section Name: LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

If the accused is allowed to be withdrawn from persecution before the charges have been framed, it is known as :

- (1) Acquittal
- (2) Discharge
- (3) Bail
- (4) Release

A 1

B 2

C 3

D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: C

Question ID:1185367**Section Name:**LEGAL STUDIES**Question:**

Rahul car was parked on the side of street to play a prank, Jai painted Rahul's car while he was gone, without the consent of Rahul. Identify the tort involved :

- (1) Unlawful harassment
- (2) Negligence
- (3) Trespass to Chattels
- (4) Invasion of privacy

A 1

B 2

C 3

D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: C

Question ID:1185368**Section Name:**LEGAL STUDIES**Question:**

Match **List - I** with **List - II**.

List - I**Right to Equality**

- (A) Article 14
- (B) Article 15
- (C) Article 16
- (D) Article 17

List - II**Important feature**

- (I) Equality of opportunity in matters of public or state employment
- (II) Equality before law and equal protection of law
- (III) Equality in access to public places
- (IV) Abolition of any focus of untouchability

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below :

- (1) (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (IV), (D) - (III)
- (2) (A) - (II), (B) - (III), (C) - (I), (D) - (IV)
- (3) (A) - (III), (B) - (IV), (C) - (II), (D) - (I)
- (4) (A) - (IV), (B) - (I), (C) - (III), (D) - (II)

- A 1
- B 2
- C 3
- D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: **B**

Question ID:1185369

Section Name:LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

Which body was set up to encourage pre-litigation legal services in public utility services ?

- (1) Lok adalat
- (2) Permanent lok adalat
- (3) Ombudsman
- (4) NALSA

- A 1
- B 2
- C 3
- D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: **B**

Question ID:1185370

Section Name:LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

When was Article 21 A, providing the Right to Elementary education, elevated as a fundamental right in the Indian constitution from being a Directive Principle of State policy ?

- (1) 2000
- (2) 2001
- (3) 2002
- (4) 2003

- A 1
- B 2
- C 3
- D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: **Not Attempted**

Question ID:1185371

Section Name:LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

The legal services institution is visited with the authority to invite application from legal practitioners with requisite to professional experience. Identify the requirement for empanelment :

- (1) A Masters degree in law
- (2) Three years or more experience at the bar
- (3) A final year student of LLB
- (4) A graduate in legal studies

A 1

B 2

C 3

D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: **Not Attempted****Question ID:1185372****Section Name:LEGAL STUDIES****Question:**

Which amongst the following is a source of International law according to Article 38(1) of the statute of the ICJ :

- (A) Evidences of general practice accepted by law
- (B) General principles of law recognized by civilized nations
- (C) Laws enacted the parliament of different countries
- (D) Unsigned treaties
- (E) Judicial decisions and teachings of qualified publicists

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below :

- (1) (A), (B), (C) only
- (2) (A), (B), (E) only
- (3) (A), (B), (D) only
- (4) (C), (D), (A) only

A 1

B 2

C 3

D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: **B****Question ID:1185373****Section Name:LEGAL STUDIES****Question:**

The right to 'freedom of conscience' is provided under which provision of the Indian Constitution :

- (1) Article 21
- (2) Article 25
- (3) Article 26
- (4) Article 19

- A 1
- B 2
- C 3
- D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: C

Question ID: 1185374

Section Name: LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

The Bar Council of India rules encompass professional standards for lawyers. Identify the professional duties of an advocate :

- (A) To communicate with a judge in private and impair impartiality
- (B) Not to instigate litigation or to charge contingency fees
- (C) Not to negotiate directly with opposite party
- (D) Represent clients who insist on adopting unfair means

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below :

- (1) (A) and (B) only
- (2) (B) and (C) only
- (3) (A), (B) and (C) only
- (4) (A) and (D) only

- A 1
- B 2
- C 3
- D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: B

Question ID: 1185375

Section Name: LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

Which of the following rights do not come under Article 19 of Indian Constitution ?

- (1) Freedom of speech and expression
- (2) Freedom to assemble peaceably without arms
- (3) Right against self incrimination
- (4) Freedom to reside and settle in any part of the territory of India

- A 1
- B 2
- C 3
- D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: A

Question ID: 1185376

Section Name: LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

The objective of establishing permanent Lok Adalats is :

- (1) To settle disputes concerning public utility service at pre-litigation state
- (2) To settle disputes concerning public utility services at post-litigation state
- (3) To settle any dispute in relation to services provided by all non-government organisation
- (4) To settle disputes in relation to consumer complaints

A 1

B 2

C 3

D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: A

Question ID: 1185377

Section Name: LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

Which one is not the fundamental duties as per article 51 A of the constitution of India ?

- (1) Respecting the Constitution National Flag
- (2) Promoting harmony among religious linguistic and regional diversities
- (3) Providing education to children of below 6 years
- (4) Developing scientific temperament

A 1

B 2

C 3

D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: A

Question ID: 1185378

Section Name: LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

The Apex Court observed :

Judicial justice, with procedural intricacies, legal submissions and critical examination of evidence, leans upon professional expertise, a failure of equal justice under the law is on the cards where such supportive skill is absent for one side.

It was held regarding access to free legal aid in :

- (1) Maneka Gandhi, v. Union of India
- (2) M.H. Hoskot case
- (3) Sahoo v. State of U.P
- (4) M.H. George v. State of Maharashtra

A 1

B 2

C 3

D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: Not Attempted

Question ID:1185379**Section Name:**LEGAL STUDIES**Question:**

Supreme court of India came into being on 28 Jan 1950. It replace the following courts of colonial era :

- (1) Federal courts
- (2) Chancery court
- (3) Queen bench
- (4) Federal court of India and Judicial committee of the privy council

A 1**B** 2**C** 3**D** 4Answer Given By Candidate:**D****Question ID:1185380****Section Name:**LEGAL STUDIES**Question:**

Which of the following statements is true with regard to payment of fee to empanelled lawyers under NALSA Regulation 2010 ?

- (1) Payment of fees to the empanelled lawyers is done every month.
- (2) Fee is paid to the empanelled lawyers on the completion of 3 years of their tenure with the committee.
- (3) Fees is paid to the empanelled lawyer on completion of the proceedings for them.
- (4) Fees is not paid to the empanelled lawyers as they provide free legal aid to their clients.

A 1**B** 2**C** 3**D** 4Answer Given By Candidate:**C****Question ID:1185381****Section Name:**LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

Arrange the steps of the procedure to be followed for Arbitration in a correct sequence :

- (A) Arbitrate award
- (B) Respondents defence
- (C) Statement of claim
- (D) Arbitration agreement
- (E) Setting aside of an arbitral award

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below :

- (1) (A), (D), (B), (C), (E)
- (2) (D), (C), (B), (A), (E)
- (3) (D), (E), (A), (B), (C)
- (4) (C), (D), (B), (A), (E)

A 1

B 2

C 3

D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: **D**

Question ID:1185382

Section Name:LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

Who amongst the following will **not** be eligible for free legal aid under Section 12 and 13 of the Legal Services Authorities Act, 1987 ?

- (1) Ramashankar, an industrial workman
- (2) Mrs. Kamala, a social worker
- (3) Mr. Rathore, a senior citizen
- (4) Bhole, a member of Bhil tribe

A 1

B 2

C 3

D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: **Not Attempted**

Question ID:1185383

Section Name:LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

The Central Vigilance Commission (CVC) was set up on the recommendation of the :

- (1) Venkatachalliah Committee
- (2) 14th law Commission Report
- (3) Santhanam Committee
- (4) Vohra Committee

A 1

B 2

C 3

D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: **Not Attempted**Question ID: **1185384**

Section Name: LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

What was the practitioners (women) Act, the legal XXII of 1923 main objective of ?

- (1) To increase the enrolment age of women to the legal profession
- (2) To remove the gender bias in the legal profession
- (3) To allow women to be enrolled as Mukhars only
- (4) To allow women to study and practice law outside India.

A 1

B 2

C 3

D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: **D**Question ID: **1185385**

Section Name: LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

Match List - I with List - II.

List - I**List - II**

- | | |
|---|-------------------|
| (A) This type of ADR is best suited for commercial disputes and decision is called Arbitral award | (I) Tribunals |
| (B) This type of ADR empowers Parliament to set them for adjudication of specialised disputes | (II) Mediation |
| (C) The third neutral party facilitates parties to achieve an acceptable, voluntary agreement | (III) Arbitration |
| (D) The third neutral party may be an interventionist and suggest potential solutions to parties | (IV) Conciliation |

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below :

- (1) (A) - (III), (B) - (II), (C) - (I), (D) - (IV)
- (2) (A) - (III), (B) - (I), (C) - (II), (D) - (IV)
- (3) (A) - (II), (B) - (III), (C) - (IV), (D) - (I)
- (4) (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (IV), (D) - (III)

A 1

B 2

C 3

D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: **B**Question ID: **1185386**

Section Name: LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

The Latin phrase Audi alteram partem literally means :

- (1) Principles of natural justice
- (2) Listen to the other side
- (3) No one should be a judge in his own cause
- (4) Law of the land

A 1

B 2

C 3

D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: **B**

Question ID:1185387

Section Name:LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

In Magan Bhai Patel Vs U.O.I, it was held that if a treaty restricts the rights of the citizen then :

- (1) Parliament needs to pass a domestic legislation
- (2) No domestic legislations as required
- (3) International treaty shall apply directly
- (4) Such a treaty cannot be implemented

A 1

B 2

C 3

D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: **Not Attempted**

Question ID:1185388

Section Name:LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

What are the maximum members of Lokpal under Lokpal and Lokayukta Act, 2013 ?

- (1) 5 Members
- (2) 8 Members
- (3) 10 Members
- (4) 12 Members

A 1

B 2

C 3

D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: **C**

Question ID:1185389

Section Name:LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

In the National Commission for Minorities Act, 1992, the 'religious minorities' refer to :

- (1) Zoroastrians and Buddhists only
- (2) Christians, Buddhists and Zoroastrians only
- (3) Muslims, Jains, Buddhists, Zoroastrians only
- (4) Muslims, Christians, Sikhs, Buddhists, Jains and Zoroastrians only

A 1

B 2

C 3

D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: **D**

Question ID:1185390

Section Name:LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

International Labour Organisation (ILO) was set up in 1919 as a part of :

- (1) Hague conference
- (2) Treaty of Versailles
- (3) Bretton woods conference
- (4) Vienne Declaration

A 1

B 2

C 3

D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: **B**

Question ID:1185391

Section Name:LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

Read the except given below and answer the question.

In an English case, the company was manufacturer of a medicine called Smoke Ball. It was used for the treatment of influenza. The company believed that the medicine can cure influenza completely. An advertisement was put up offering a reward of ₹ 100 to anyone who fell ill after consuming the medicine in prescribed manner. The company even deposited ₹ 1,000 In Alliance Bank for paying awards if such a situation arises.

The company has made an offer to the world at large It is a / an :

- (1) Specific offer
- (2) General offer
- (3) Invitation to offer
- (4) Counter offer

A 1

B 2

C 3

D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: **C**

Question ID:1185392

Section Name:LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

Read the except given below and answer the question.

In an English case, the company was manufacturer of a medicine called Smoke Ball. It was used for the treatment of influenza. The company believed that the medicine can cure influenza completely. An advertisement was put up offering a reward of ₹ 100 to anyone who fell ill after consuming the medicine in prescribed manner. The company even deposited ₹ 1,000 In Alliance Bank for paying awards if such a situation arises.

In accordance with the provisions of Indian contract Act, the correct sequence of steps resulting into a contract is as follows :

- (A) agreement arrived at by consensus ad idem
- (B) offer by legally competent party
- (C) acceptance by legally competent party
- (D) legal enforceability
- (E) completion of communication of acceptance to offered

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below :

- (1) (A), (B), (C), (D), (E)
- (2) (D), (E), (B), (A), (C)
- (3) (B), (C), (E), (A), (D)
- (4) (D), (B), (C), (A), (E)

A 1

B 2

C 3

D 4

Answer Given By Candidate:C

Question ID:1185393

Section Name:LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

Read the except given below and answer the question.

In an English case, the company was manufacturer of a medicine called Smoke Ball. It was used for the treatment of influenza. The company believed that the medicine can cure influenza completely. An advertisement was put up offering a reward of ₹ 100 to anyone who fell ill after consuming the medicine in prescribed manner. The company even deposited ₹ 1,000 In Alliance Bank for paying awards if such a situation arises.

In the digital era, while doing online transactions, acceptance can be made to various offer by :

- (1) Writing an email to the customer care of the brand
- (2) By saying 'yes'. 'OK' or clicking on 'I agree' on an offer on a website.
- (3) Informing the customer care over telephone
- (4) By filling up a necessary form of feedback for the brand

A 1

B 2

C 3

D 4

Answer Given By Candidate:B

Question ID:1185394**Section Name:LEGAL STUDIES****Question:**

Read the except given below and answer the question.

In an English case, the company was manufacturer of a medicine called Smoke Ball. It was used for the treatment of influenza. The company believed that the medicine can cure influenza completely. An advertisement was put up offering a reward of ₹ 100 to anyone who fell ill after consuming the medicine in prescribed manner. The company even deposited ₹ 1,000 In Alliance Bank for paying awards if such a situation arises.

According to section 2 (b) of, Indian Contract Act, 1972 an argument is made when ?

- (1) There is an ambiguous offer but definite acceptance
- (2) There is an offer that has been communicated by acceptance is pending
- (3) Both the offer and the acceptance are definite and certain
- (4) The offer is definite but acceptance is ambiguous

A 1**B** 2**C** 3**D** 4

Answer Given By Candidate: **Not Attempted**

Question ID:1185395**Section Name:LEGAL STUDIES****Question:**

Read the except given below and answer the question.

In an English case, the company was manufacturer of a medicine called Smoke Ball. It was used for the treatment of influenza. The company believed that the medicine can cure influenza completely. An advertisement was put up offering a reward of ₹ 100 to anyone who fell ill after consuming the medicine in prescribed manner. The company even deposited ₹ 1,000 In Alliance Bank for paying awards if such a situation arises.

S.2 (a) of Indian Contract Act defines an 'offer' as :

- (1) When one person signifies to another his willingness to do or not to do certain things.
- (2) An assent or consent given to do or not to do certain things
- (3) A promise to pay a consideration that can be an act or forbearance
- (4) The object of an argument

A 1**B** 2**C** 3**D** 4

Answer Given By Candidate: **A**

Question ID:1185396**Section Name:LEGAL STUDIES**

Question:

Read the given below passage and answer the question.

Mrs. Ratna, an officer with the National Human Rights commission was designed to carry out inspection in a Jail regarding conditions of prisoners. While carrying out inspection, she discovered that nutrition level allocated in the manuals, to be provided to the prisoners is not met out. Also there was severe lacuna in management of health care facilities and sanitation for both these departments were often allowed leaves simultaneously. She finally submitted her report to the commission mentioning the above details with appropriate evidences from jail records only.

On the basis of above situation answer the following : when the victim belongs to the weaker section of society, the commission may institute an inquiry and investigation.

- (1) After seeking permission from Supreme Court of India
- (2) Suo motu
- (3) After filing a PIL
- (4) On receiving a request from an NGO

A 1

B 2

C 3

D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: A

Question ID:1185397

Section Name:LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

Read the given below passage and answer the question.

Mrs. Ratna, an officer with the National Human Rights commission was designed to carry out inspection in a Jail regarding conditions of prisoners. While carrying out inspection, she discovered that nutrition level allocated in the manuals, to be provided to the prisoners is not met out. Also there was severe lacuna in management of health care facilities and sanitation for both these departments were often allowed leaves simultaneously. She finally submitted her report to the commission mentioning the above details with appropriate evidences from jail records only.

The National Human Rights Commission Consists of which of the following :

- (A) A chairperson who is former Chief Justice of the Supreme Court
- (B) Union minister for law and Justice
- (C) A member who is present or former Chief Justice of a High Court
- (D) Prime Minister of India as chair person
- (E) Two members with knowledge and in matters relating to human rights.

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below :

- (1) (D), (B), (E) only
- (2) (C), (D), (E) only
- (3) (A), (C), (E) only
- (4) (B), (C), (E) only

A 1

B 2

C 3

D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: C

Question ID: 1185398

Section Name: LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

Read the given below passage and answer the question.

Mrs. Ratna, an officer with the National Human Rights commission was designed to carry out inspection in a Jail regarding conditions of prisoners. While carrying out inspection, she discovered that nutrition level allocated in the manuals, to be provided to the prisoners is not met out. Also there was severe lacuna in management of health care facilities and sanitation for both these departments were often allowed leaves simultaneously. She finally submitted her report to the commission mentioning the above details with appropriate evidences from jail records only.

National Human Rights Commission is a :

- (1) Civil court
- (2) Tribunal
- (3) Judicial body
- (4) Quasi - Judicial body

A 1

B 2

C 3

D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: D

Question ID: 1185399

Section Name: LEGAL STUDIES

Question:

Read the given below passage and answer the question.

Mrs. Ratna, an officer with the National Human Rights commission was designed to carry out inspection in a Jail regarding conditions of prisoners. While carrying out inspection, she discovered that nutrition level allocated in the manuals, to be provided to the prisoners is not met out. Also there was severe lacuna in management of health care facilities and sanitation for both these departments were often allowed leaves simultaneously. She finally submitted her report to the commission mentioning the above details with appropriate evidences from jail records only.

National Human Rights Commission is a body created by under :

- (1) Precedents from the apex court
- (2) A specific legislation
- (3) Respective State Government for their States
- (4) Delegated legislation by the Executive body

A 1

B 2

C 3

D 4

Answer Given By Candidate: B

Question ID:1185400**Section Name:**LEGAL STUDIES**Question:**

Read the given below passage and answer the question.

Mrs. Ratna, an officer with the National Human Rights commission was designed to carry out inspection in a Jail regarding conditions of prisoners. While carrying out inspection, she discovered that nutrition level allocated in the manuals, to be provided to the prisoners is not met out. Also there was severe lacuna in management of health care facilities and sanitation for both these departments were often allowed leaves simultaneously. She finally submitted her report to the commission mentioning the above details with appropriate evidences from jail records only.

The time limit for filing complaint to NHRC is _____.

- (1) Complaint can be filed within six months of violation
- (2) Complaint must only be filed within six months of violation
- (3) Complaint must be filed within one year of violation generally
- (4) Complaint must be filed within three years of violation

A 1**B** 2**C** 3**D** 4Answer Given By Candidate:**C**