CUET UG - 2022

Legal Studies

Ques	tion : 1					
Whi	ch of the following jurisdictions of	the different courts	in India determines co	urts		
abili	ty to hear matters upto a particular	claim of money?				
(1)	Territorial Jurisdiction					
(2)	Subject matter Jurisdiction					
(3)	Pecuniary Jurisdiction					
(4)	Appellate Jurisdiction					
(A) 1	(B) 2	(C) 3	(D) 4			
Ques	tion : 2					
The	Supreme Court of India came	into being on:				
(1)	28 January, 1950					
(2)	26 November, 1949					
(3)	3) 28 November, 1949					
(4)	26 January, 1950					
(A) 1	(B) 2	(C) 3	(D) 4			
Ques	tion: 3					
In S	Supreme Court, a Vakalathnam	na can be filed by	:			
(1)	Advocate on Record					
(2)	Senior Advocate					
(3)	Advocate					
(4)						

(C) 3

(D) 4

(B) 2

A certain Mr. Zee was intercepted & arrested because of engagement in questionable activities. The secret service further provided intelligence that Mr Zee is a dangerous link for prepared terrorist attacks on the Rashtrapati Mahal and the markets close by. When Mr. Zee was not presented before the magistrate even after 36 hours of arrest as the investigation was still continuing, he decided to file a writ of habeus corpus against the police authorities. Choose the most appropriate statement.

- His petition will be maintainable as Rule of Law prevails over everyone.
- (2) His petition will be maintainable only if he is a citizen of India.
- (3) His petition will not be maintainable as he falls within the exceptions to Article 22
- (4) His petition will be maintainable after providing him an advocate

(A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4

Question: 5

Match List - I with List - II.

List - I

- (a) Separation of Judiciary from executive (i) Article 50
- (b) Advisory Jurisdiction of Supreme Court (ii) Article 143
- (c) The procedure for appointment of Judges at High Court (iii) Article 217
- (d) Appeal by Special Leave (iv) Article 136

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) (a) (i), (b) (ii), (c) (iii), (d) (iv)
- (2) (a) (ii), (b) (i), (c) (iii), (d) (iv)
- (3) (a) (i), (b) (iii), (c) (ii), (d) (iv)
- (4) (a) (i), (b) (iii), (c) (iv), (d) (ii)

(A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4

Question: 6

National Human Right Commission is empowered to intervene in the court proceeding concerning human right violations. This intervention can be :

- Suo moto at any time
- (2) With the permission of the court
- (3) With permission of the complainant
- (4) With permission of the President of India

Raj threatened to kill Chirag if he does not sell his house to Raj. Chirag out of fear signs the contract for selling his house to Raj. Which among the given options best suits the situation?

- (1) The contract is illegal
- (2) The contract is voidable
- (3) The contract is valid
- (4) The contract is void

(A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4

Question: 8

Match List - I with List - II.

List - I

- (a) This right is granted over the invention of a product (i) Design
- (b) This right is obtained over creation of any literary or artistic work (ii) Trade mark
- (c) This right is over any mark put on the product or service (iii) Copy right
- (d) It protects any design invented by a person (iv) Patent

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) (a) (i), (b) (ii), (c) (iii), (d) (iv)
- (2) (a) (i), (b) (iii), (c) (iv), (d) (ii)
- (3) (a) (iv), (b) (ii), (c) (iii), (d) (i)
- (4) (a) (iv), (b) (iii), (c) (ii), (d) (i)

(A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4

Question: 9

'A' wants to murder 'B'. He buys 20 tablets of a sleeping pill and keeps it in his drawer. He plans on administering it to 'B' the next day. Has 'A' committed an offence?

- (1) Yes, the intention of killing someone is terrible and punishable
- (2) Yes, buying 20 tablets of sleeping pill constitute an attempt to kill
- (3) No, intention and preparation alone do not give rise to any criminal liability
- (4) No, 'B' is evil and deserves to be killed

Anirudh transfers the possession of his pent house to Chirag, but not the ownership, to be used by Chirag for residential purpose for a fixed period of time as agreed upon by both of them. Such a transfer is called a ______.

- (1) Sale
- (2) Lease
- (3) Gift
- (4) Exchange

(A) 1

(B) 2

(C) 3

(D) 4

Question: 11

Match List - I with List - II.

List - I

List - II

Tort - Type

Nature of injury/harm

- (a) Battery and Assault
- (i) injuring reputation of the claimant
- (b) Defamation
- (ii) intrusion with one's enjoyment
- (c) Negligence
- (iii) physical or mental injury to the claimant
- (d) Nuisance
- (iv) careless behavior

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) (a) (i), (b) (iii), (c) (ii), (d) (iv)
- (2) (a) (ii), (b) (iv), (c) (iii), (d) (i)
- (3) (a) (iii), (b) (i), (c) (iv), (d) (ii)
- (4) (a) (iv), (b) (ii), (c) (i), (d) (iii)

(A) 1

(B) 2

(C) 3

(D) 4

Question: 12

Sequentially arrange the following fundamental rights in order of the constitutional provisions.

- (a) Rights of persons accused of crimes
- (b) Rights against exploitation
- (c) Freedom to manage religious affairs
- (d) Freedom to form associations or unions
- (e) Cultural and Educational rights

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)
- (2) (d), (a), (e), (b), (c)
- (3) (d), (a), (b), (c), (e)
- (4) (e), (d), (c), (b), (a)

(A) 1

(B) 2

(C)3

(D) 4

Question: 13 Vimal in a fit of anger killed his wife over a heated argument. In a state of drunkenness, he confessed to the crime before his own brothers who is also a Magistrate. The statement made by Vimal before his brother would be regarded as: (1) Judicial confession as it is made before the Magistrate (2) Extra Judicial confession as it is made before his brothers (3) The statement is not a confession as it is not made in a fit state of mind

(4) The statement will be regarded as admission
(A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3

(A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4

Question: 14

Rawls first principle of justice states that:

- (1) each person is born free and should he treated equally
- (2) lawyers have a moral duty to provide free legal aid to the deserving people
- (3) each person should have an equal right to the system of equal basic liberties
- (4) lawyers are social engineers

(A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4

Question: 15

United Nation Convention on contract for sale of International goods (CISG) is also referred as:

- Vienna Convention on Sale of goods
- (2) Hague Convention
- (3) Versailles Convention
- (4) CEDAW

(A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4

Question: 16

A state may express its consent to be bound by a particular treaty in certain cases. The most common of which are ?

- (a) Consent by contract
- (b) Consent by signature
- (c) Consent by ratification
- (d) Consent by vote of majority
- (e) Consent by exchange of Instruments

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

- (1) (a) and (d) only
- (2) (a) and (c) only
- (3) (b), (c) and (e) only
- (4) (d) and (e) only

Ques	tion : 17				
In v	which of the presidency towns,	the first High C	ourt were established?		
(1)	Punjab, Chandigarh, Madras				
(2)	UP, Allahabad, Madras				
(3)	Madras, Tamil Nadu, Punjah	,			
(4)	Calcutta, Bombay, Madras				
(A) 1	(B) 2	(C) 3	(D) 4		
Ques	tion : 18				
	ange the following organisations acc in the organisation that was instituted		ar of establishment, selecting	g	
(a)	United Nations Organisation				
(b)	International Law Association				
(c)	International Bank for Reconstruct		nent		
(d)	International Committee of the Rec	d Cross			
(e)	League of Nations				
	ose the correct answer from the opti	ons given below:			
(1)	(d), (a), (b), (e), (c)				
(2)	(e), (b), (c), (a), (d)				
(3)					
(4)	(e), (d), (a), (b), (c)				
(A) 1	(B) 2	(C) 3	(D) 4		
Ques	tion : 19				
	ntify the process by which letters wi ited citizens alleging fundamental rig			ic	
(1)	Writs				
(2)	Public Interest Litigation				
(3)	Appeals				
(4)	Suits				
(A) 1	(B) 2	(C) 3	(D) 4		

_					
Question: 20					
Arra orde	nge the following legislations in the sec r)	quence of their year of	introduction (ascending		
(a)	Indian Penal Code				
(b)	Code of Criminal Procedure				
(c)	Indian Evidence Act				
(d)	Consumer Protection Act				
Cho	ose the correct answer from the option	s given below :			
(1)	(a), (c), (b), (d)				
(2)	(a), (b), (c), (d)				
(3)	(d), (c), (b), (a)				
(4)	(c), (b), (a), (d)				
(A) 1	(B) 2	(C) 3	(D) 4		
Ques	tion : 21				
Given below are the International Human Rights Treaties. Arrange these in the sequence of their year of passing. (Starting from treaty, that was instituted first) (a) International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (b) Convention relating to the status of refugees (c) Convention on the rights of the child (d) The Vienna-Declaration and programme of action (e) Convention on the Elimination of all forms of discrimination against women Choose the correct answer from the options given below: (1) (a), (e), (b), (d), (c) (2) (c), (a), (d), (b), (e) (3) (b), (a), (e), (c), (d) (4) (d), (c), (e), (a), (b)					
(A) 1	(B) 2	(C) 3	(D) 4		
Question: 22					
Arti	cle 19 of the constitution prescribe	es and protects freed	om for all citizens of In	idia.	
Which among the following not a freedom guarantees under Article 19?					
(1)					
(2)	and the second of the second o				
(3)					
(-)	Freedom to profess, practice and	propagate any relie	gion		

(B) 2

(C) 3

(D) 4

Quest	ion : 23			
Ider	ntify the characteristics of a Publi	ic Interest Lit	gation	
(a)	Strengthens the role of judiciar	y		
(b)	Possesses the power to punish	for contempt		
(c)	Non-Adversarial in nature	_		
(d)	Based on the model which is fo	or providing a	access to justice to all	
(e)	Supplementary powers of the	units		
	ose the correct answer from the		below:	
(1)	(c), (d) and (e) only			
(2)	(b) and (d) only			
(3)				
(4)				
(A) 1	(B) 2	(C) 3	(D) 4	
Quest	ion : 24			
	an Oil Limited, Karnataka State Road ided under :	Transportation	Authority, Delhi Jal Board are	
(1)	Government sector companies			
(2)	Public sector companies			
(3)	The word 'State' under Article, 12 of	f the Constitution	on	
(4)) The Executive			
(A) 1	(B) 2	(C) 3	(D) 4	
Quest	ion : 25			
	e the legislation enacted by the Parlia	ment which es	ablished the National Human	
	ights Commission :			
(1)	Protection of Human Rights Act, 198			
(2)	Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993			
(3)	Protection of Fundamental Rights Act, 1983			
(4)	Protection of Fundamental Rights Act, 1993			

(B) 2

(C) 3

(D) 4

World Trade Organization Treaty in 1990 lead to economic liberalization in India. Which amongst the given agreements aims, at liberalization of legal services?

- (1) International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights.
- (2) International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights
- (3) General Agreement on Trade and Services
- (4) United Nations Convention on contract for sale of International Goods

(A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4

Question: 27

India ratified, the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (ICCPR) which came into force in 1976. After signing this covenant, India is bound.

- (1) to bring legislation to protect human rights of its citizens
- (2) to provide free legal assistance to the needy as per the covenant
- (3) to recognize international legal obligations as part of the law of land
- (4) to interprets the Indian Constitution in the light of International treaties

(A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4

Question: 28

The Bar Council of India regulates the central syllabus, duration of law degree, subject to which every University can lay down its own provisions regarding legal education. Which body assists the Bar council to streamline legal education in India:

- (1) Universities Grant Commission
- (2) Legal Education Committee
- (3) State Bar Council
- (4) Supreme Court of India



List - I

List - II

(a) CLAT

(i) Preperatory Institute

(b) LST

(ii) National Law University Delhi

(c) AILET

(iii) Law School Admission Test, USA

(d) LSAT

(iv) National Law Universities

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) (a) (ii), (b) (iii), (c) (iv), (d) (i)
- (2) (a) (iv), (b) (ii), (c) (i), (d) (iii)
- (3) (a) (ii), (b) (iv), (c) (i), (d) (iii)
- (4) (a) (iv), (b) (i), (c) (ii), (d) (iii)

(A) 1

- (B) 2
- (C) 3
- (D) 4

Question: 30

Arrange the following fundamental rights in order of their sequence of Constitutional provisons .

- (a) Right to Life
- (b) Right to freedom of Religion
- (c) Right to Equality
- (d) Right to Constitutional Remedies
- (e) Right of Minorities

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)
- (2) (c), (a), (b), (e), (d)
- (3) (c), (b), (a), (e), (d)
- (4) (b), (a), (c), (e), (d)

(B) 2

(C) 3

(D) 4

Question: 31

Who shall be appointed under Article 165 of the Constitution by the Governor of the respective state?

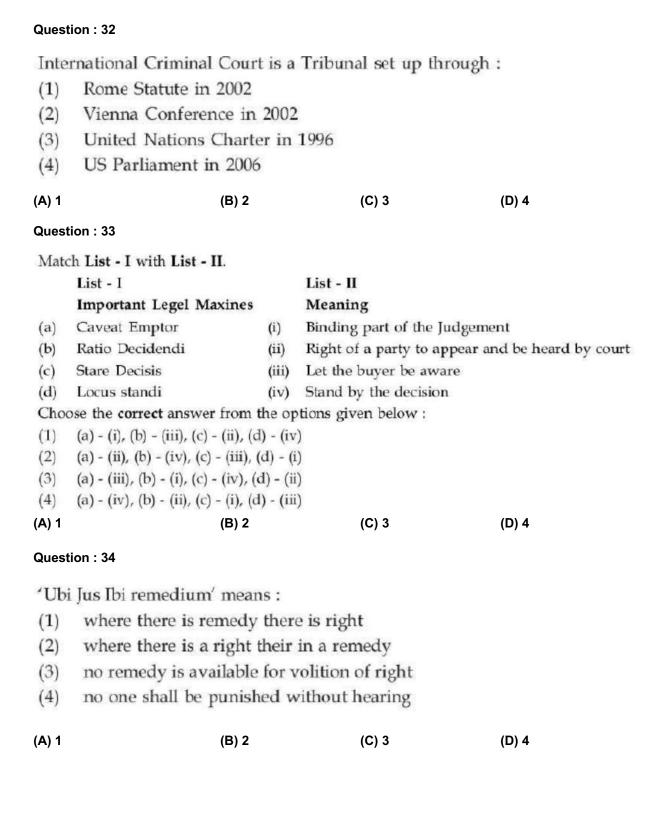
- (1) Attorney General
- (2) Solicitor General
- (3) Additional Solicitor General
- (4) Advocate General

(A) 1

(B) 2

(C) 3

(D) 4



United Nations has been the core agency for setting up of norms and standards to be followed with regards to research for Human Health. Name the organisation. (1) International Court of Justice (2) United Nations Security Council (3) World Health Organisation (4) International Labour Organisation

(A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4

Question: 36

Identify the power(s) exercised by Lok Adalat:

- (a) Receiving evidence in person only.
- (b) Receiving evidence by way of affidavit
- (c) Requisitioning a confidential document from the Government
- (d) Summoning and enforcing the attendance of witnesses.

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) (a) and (d) only
- (2) (b) and (d) only
- (3) (a) and (c) only
- (4) (b) and (c) only

(A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4

Question: 37

Smita, an affluent jewellery designer was frequently abused by her husband she approached the District Legal Serives Authority (DLSA) for filing a domestic violence case against her husband and requested for legal aid.

Choose the correct option.

- (1) DLSA will refuse as Smita is affluent
- (2) DLSA will have to provide legal aid as she is entitled to it under the Legal Services Authority Act.
- (3) DLSA will have to provide legal aid as she is entitled to it under the Advocate Act.
- (4) DLSA will refuse as domestic violence cases cannot be granted legal aid.

Questi	ion : 38
	was the chairman of the committee on judicature that was set up to implement the aid scheme in Indian judicial system?
(1)	Justice Krishna Iyer
(2)	Justice P.N. Bhagwati
(3)	Justice Kania
(4)	Justice Fatima Bivi

(A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4

Question: 39

Advocates are allowed to furnish a five piece information on their websites after the approval from Bar Council of India. Which amongst the following information is allowed to be put on internet by an advocate?

- (a) Professional and Academic Qualification
- (b) Areas of practice
- (c) List of successful cases
- (d) Photograph with name and details of enrolment with Bar
- (e) Contact details

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) (a), (b), (c) only
- (2) (b), (e), (d) only
- (3) (a), (b), (e) only
- (4) (c), (d), (e) only

(A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4

Question: 40

Convention Relating to Status of Refugees, 1951 provides:

- (1) Legal safeguard to a refugee/person who is granted asylum/shelter in another country
- (2) Economic support to refugees
- (3) Protection of property right of refugees
- (4) Interim benefits to refugees

Read the passage and answer the question below :

Case Study

Sadhna a comporate lawyer is married to Ashish an IAS officer with the government of India. Both had a happy marriage for almost three years when Ashish started behaving poorly with Sadhna. His temper tantrums were becoming often. This was also a period when Sadhna was travelling outside the country for arbitration proceedings between her client M. Pharma (an Indian company) and the opposite party Xylum Pharmacuticals INC (incorporated in the United Kingdom having a subsidiary in India) The award for such an arbitration was to be enforced in India. Sadhna had wrapped up the arbitration and had come back to India, when she realised Ashish's employment was terminated because of some bribery charges against him and also a sexual harassment complaint by one of his junior colleagues Ms. Pari Sahwney. While Ashish wanted to pursue his matter in the court of law, Sadhna wanted to file a divorce while their matter of divorce was still pending in the court of law, to fasten the matters Sadhna & Ashish filed their case at an alternative forum. Sadhna knew that the court will refund their court fee in case their dispute in resolved by this alternative forum. On the other hand, a case of bribery was also filed against Ashish by Mr. Khanna who had conducted this sting operation at Ashishs office.

Question: 41

Identify the type of arbitration that Sadhna who involved in, between M. Pharma & Xylum Pharamacuticals:

- (1) Domestic Arbitration
- (2) Foreign Arbitration
- (3) Institutional Arbitration
- (4) Ad-hoc Arbitration

(A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4

Question: 42

There is an 'alternative forum' where Sadhna & Ashish have filed their divorce petition. Identify it:

- (1) Administrative tribunal
- (2) Lokavukta
- (3) Mediation
- (4) Lok Adalat

Question: 43 After having identified the 'alternative forum for Sadhna and Ashish divorce petition, identify its functions.					
(a)	No strict application of procedural laws	2			
(b)	Secrecy	7.			
(c)	Flexible and informal technique				
(d)	Transparency				
(e)	Efficiency				
3.0	se the correct answer from the options g	iven below :			
(1)	(b), and (e) only				
(2)	(a), (d) and (e) only				
(3)	(c) only				
(4)	(c) and (d) only				
(A) 1	(B) 2	(C) 3	(D) 4		
Quest	ion : 44				
The t	ermination of services of Ashish by the Go n:	overnment of India car	n be handed by which		
(1)	Administrative Tribunal of India				
(2)	Central Administrative Tribunal of India	ı			
(3)	Division Bench of the High Court				
(4)	Original Jurisdiction under the Supreme	Court			
(A) 1	(B) 2	(C) 3	(D) 4		
Quest	ion : 45				
In v	vhich forum can Mr. Khanna bring	the case of bribery	against Ashish?		
(1)	1) Lok Adalat				
(2)	Will be the property of the pr				
(3)					
(4)	The Lokpal				
(A) 1	(B) 2	(C) 3	(D) 4		
` '	(5) 5 (5) 7				

Read the passage and answer the question below:

Legal Practice in India as in most other countries is a male dominated profession. In 1916, Calcutta high court and in 1922 Patna high court had held that women otherwise qualified were not entitled to enrol as a Vakil or pleader. In the Patna High Court case the petitioner secured BL Degree from Calcutta University and was refused to be enrolled as pleader. She challenged this in High Court of Patna. The Court ruled that legal practitioner Act reffered to males only and no women had ever been admited to the roll of pleaders. The legal Practitioners (women) Act XXIII of 1923 was enacted to expressly provide that no women would by reason only of her sex disqualified from being admitted or enrolled as legal practitioner or from practicing as such The Allahabad High Court took lead in enrolling the first India Lady Vakil by a decision of English committee of court. Since then number of women entering into profession has increased but gender bias still pervades.

Question: 46

The English Committee of the court who among the following decided on enrolment of first lady Vakil of Allahabad High Court consisted of :

first	lady Vakil of Allahabad High Court consisted of :
(1)	Sir Grim Wood
(2)	Chief Justice Sir Grim Wood Meers

(3) Sir Arthur Whitefield(4) CJI Fali Nariman

(A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4

Question: 47

Who was the first Indian lady to be enrolled as Vakil of Allahabad High Court?

(1) Ms Hussainara Khatoon

(2) Ms Cornelia Sorabjee

(3) Ms Haider Waseem

(4) Ms Pinky Goswami

(A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4

Question: 48

Professional Legal Education in India is regulated by :

(1) Advocate Act of 1961

(2) Govt of India Act 1923

(3) Legal Practitioner (women) Act XXIII of 1923

(4) UGC Act 1956

Ques	stion : 49
Wha	at changes were brought about by the Legal Practitioner (women) Act XXIII of 1923?
(1)	It expressly provided that no women would by reason only of her sex be disqualified from being enrolled as legal practitioner

- (2)It provided that no women will be admitted as a practitioner
- It provided for women to be allowed to work in corporate legal sector

(B) 2

(A) 1

(4)	it promoted gender discrimination in the profession			
(A) 1		(B) 2	(C) 3	(D) 4
	tion : 50 a women were	e included in the le	egal profession and	Practice from the year :
(1)	1921		O I	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
(2)	1923			
(3)	1961			
(4)	1956			

(C) 3

(D) 4